Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.
PROSSER NURSERIES

P. E. NICKERSON,
NURSERYMAN

CONDENSED CATALOG AND PRICE LIST
SPRING 1926

FRUIT TREES
SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

SHRUBBERY, ROSES, VINES,
PEONIES, PHLOX, ETC.

CLEAN, HEALTHY, WELL-ROOTED STOCK

Prosser - - Washington
INTRODUCTION

At the age of 17 I was given a position with a nursery at Spokane, Wash., a large nursery specializing in shrubbery and ornamental trees. After working in this big nursery for four years and looking after many landscape plantings in the city of Spokane, I had gained some experience in this line of work as well as growing fruit trees.

In the fall of 1906 I decided I should start a nursery, but where, was the question. Upon rigid investigation I decided that the Yakima valley was about the best place to grow fruit trees, if not most lines of nursery stock. I settled at Prosser in the heart of the great producing valley and started the Prosser Nurseries.

With our volcanic ash soil, long growing season, moisture under absolute control for seven months of the year, together with painstaking care in the selection of buds and scions from the best orchards for propagation and close watching of the many details connected with the growing of good nursery stock, makes it worth consideration.

A saving of a few dollars on nursery stock now, may be lost a good many times before the first crop is gathered and sometimes afterwards. A lot of trees bought cheap may not be a bargain after all, unless you know the nurseryman with whom you are making the purchase.

Run-about. slicktalking nursery "dealers" and jobbers who buy their trees anywhere and everywhere to resell to their customers, mostly during nursery-boom periods, and the so-called blind nurseryman who thinks he sees great profits in tree growing and when he saw his mistake by not having an established outlet for his goods, he sells his trees for just what he can get for them. His guarantees may sound ever so good, but he does not care to assume the responsibility that the planter and home builder is entitled to. Such tree peddlers are in business one year and gone another.

The old-line nursery with its trees, shrubs, roses and lovely flowers growing about its grounds; its proprietors who put heart and soul into the growing of their stocks, and whose intentions for permanency regardless of good or bad times in the nursery business is the nursery to buy your material for the new orchard or home grounds.

P. E. NICKERSON,
Prosser Nurseries.
PLANTING AND PRUNING SUGGESTIONS

When your order of nursery stock arrives, unpack at once and wet the roots good. Then dig a hole where the ground is moist, but well drained, and heel the trees in, or in other words, plant the bundles temporarily until you are ready to plant permanently. Don't expose the roots to the air any longer than is absolutely necessary. Dig the holes large enough to permit the roots to grow without crowding. Prune off any broken or bruised roots and cut back the ends of the roots until you have fresh ends. These ends callous readily and start little roots.

Set your trees about two inches deeper than the crook, or where the tree has been budded. Be sure to spread the roots out in different directions, having the heaviest roots on the side from whence prevailing winds come, and lean the top a little in the same direction. Do not get any manure against the roots. Shovel in some dirt very easily until you have the roots covered, then pour in a pail, or about three gallons of water. Then a little more dirt and let the water and dirt settle for awhile around the roots.

When the water has all soaked in finish filling up the hole, tramping around the roots.

Take a pair of shears or a good shaped knife and cut the tree back one-third. If the tree has branches, cut them back the same way.

If you haven't sufficient rain to provide moisture, the trees should be watered every two or three weeks and after the ground has become dry enough to cultivate, the dirt should be loosened up to prevent the ground from baking.

Pruning—To prune fruit trees, select a limb as near the center of the tree as possible. Cut this limb back one-third or one-half of the previous year's growth, I prefer the latter distance as I believe in heavy pruning. Cut back the other limbs in the same manner, thinning out branches that are too thick or those that overlap other limbs.

Almost all trees and rose bushes and some shrubs should be cut back when transplanting, as the roots have been reduced when being dug. The tops should be cut back to match the roots. Don't be afraid to cut them back; it makes them grow faster, and they are more sure to live.

Do not allow livestock to associate with your young trees—it spells disaster.

### Number of Trees On An Acre

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distance apart.</th>
<th>Square Method</th>
<th>Triangular Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 foot apart each way</td>
<td>43,560</td>
<td>50,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 feet apart each way</td>
<td>10,890</td>
<td>12,575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 feet apart each way</td>
<td>2,722</td>
<td>3,413</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 feet apart each way</td>
<td>1,210</td>
<td>1,397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 feet apart each way</td>
<td>537</td>
<td>620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 feet apart each way</td>
<td>435</td>
<td>492</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 feet apart each way</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 feet apart each way</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 feet apart each way</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 feet apart each way</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 feet apart each way</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 feet apart each way</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
GENERAL DIRECTIONS TO CUSTOMERS

Prices named in this list are for goods f. o. b. Prosser, unless otherwise noted.

Roses, bulbs and seeds: postage prepaid in United States up to 4th zone.

Order by mail or by your personal visit to the nurseries at South Sixth street, only two blocks from the business district.

All trees are triple inspected before leaving the nursery—twice by us and once by a district horticultural inspector. The trees and plants are then packed and delivered to the carrying companies, the purchaser paying the freight, express or parcel post charges. In the latter case the buyer should send enough money to pay the postage. As this class of goods is perishable, we advise shipment by express unless your order calls for 100 or more fruit trees, or 25 medium-sized shade trees should go by freight. Five or ten small fruit trees may be sent parcel post.

Transportation charges should accompany orders for perpay stations, any amount over and above charges will be promptly refunded.

Persons ordering goods should give complete shipping instructions. In the absence of these instructions we will forward the goods according to our best judgment. A state certificate of inspection will be attached to each nursery stock shipment.

Please write your name and town or station that you want your order shipped very plainly. This will help to prevent mistakes on our part or on the part of the transportation companies.

Terms—Cash should accompany orders unless terms for credit have been previously arranged.

Guarantee—We exercise every possible care to have our trees, plants, bulbs and roots true to name. Should any of the above mentioned stocks prove otherwise, we hold ourselves in readiness to replace same or refund the price paid for the goods.

It is mutually agreed between purchaser and ourselves that in no case shall we be held liable for any sum greater than the amount originally received for said trees, plants, bulbs and roots that prove untrue; and will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

Substitution—We never substitute without permission. As the season advances many items are sold out, and when requested we can generally supply a similar variety—but always labeled true to name.

Complaints—If any please report them at once, so that we can make them right quickly.

If you are pleased with our goods and treatment we will appreciate it, if you tell others. This price list will be sent to anyone for the asking.

Quantities—Five trees or plants of a kind are furnished at the 10 rate; 50 at the 100 rate; 500 at the 1000 rate, and 6 at the dozen rate. For instance, two Red June, 3 Yellow Transparent apple would take the 10 rate, but 2 Red June Apple and 3 Elberta Peach should take the single rate.
FRUIT DEPARTMENT

Our fruit trees are 1-year-old tops on 3-year-old root systems, smooth well-grown and well graded.

Prices of Apple and Crabapple Trees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Height</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 to 6 feet high</td>
<td>60c</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 6 feet high</td>
<td>50c</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>35.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 feet high</td>
<td>40c</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Summer Varieties

Yellow Transparent—Yellow, very early, good for market.
Red June—Extra early, deep red, good eating.
Liveland Raspberry—Good, raspberry flavor, juicy.
Duchess of Oldenberg—Red and yellow streaked, tart, good cooking.

Fall Varieties

Gravenstein—Red and yellow, good cooking and eating.
Wealthy—Yellow striped red, large.
Maiden Blush—Yellow, red cheek, good.

Winter Varieties

Arkansas Black—Blackish red, good keeper, fine for baking. April-May.
Delicious—Large, mostly red, flesh almost yellow, fine for cooking, baking, an excellent dessert apple; one of the best sorts. December-January.
E. Spitzenberg—Mostly red; flesh, yellow. November-February.
Jonathan—Bright red, juicy; good eating and cooking.
McIntosh Red—Hardy, very good. December-January.
Rome Beauty—Large, yellow and red; good baking apple, December to April.
Yellow Belleflower—Rich yellow; highly flavored; good keeper. December to March.
Yellow Newtown—Large; greenish yellow; juicy. February to April.
Winesap—Medium size; dark red; juicy; good keeper. February to April.
White Winter Pearmain—large, greenish yellow; fine December-February.
Winter Banana—Large; yellow with red cheek; fine quality; rich banana flavor. November-March.

Crab Apple

Transcendent—Very hardy; large, yellow striped red; best for spicing.
Hyslop—Rich dark red; good eating.

CHERRIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Height</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 to 6 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$9.00</td>
<td>$75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 feet</td>
<td>.90</td>
<td>7.50</td>
<td>60.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bing—Large, blackish purple; sweet.
Lambert—Very large; dark red; sweet.
Royal Ann—Large, pale yellow with red cheek; sweet.
Black Tartarian—Large; black; juicy; sweet.
Black Republican—Medium; black; firm; good; sweet.
May Duke—Very early; dark red; semi-sweet.
Late Duke—Large, light red; sub-acid; excellent. Late July.
Early Richmond—Red; medium size: sour. Early pie cherry.
Montmorency—Large; red; early sour. Good canning variety.

PEARS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Variety</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Late Duke</td>
<td>Large</td>
<td>Light red</td>
<td>Sub-acid; excellent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Richmond</td>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Sours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montmorency</td>
<td>Large</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Early sour; good canning variety</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For Winter Nellis and Bosc add 5c per tree.

Pears—Late Varieties

Beurre d'Anjou—Large, fine flavor; greenish yellow; good keeper. September.
Beurre Bosc—Deep yellow; large; juicy; high-priced dessert and canning pear. September. (Add 5c per tree.)
Winter Nellis—Small, greenish yellow russet; sweet and juicy. December. (Add 5c per tree.)

PEACHES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Variety</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arp Beauty</td>
<td>Very early, yellow</td>
<td>July, Cling.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A'xander</td>
<td>Very early; medium size; white with red cheek</td>
<td>Cling.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slappy</td>
<td>Rich, deep yellow; early; good home canning sort</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Crawford</td>
<td>Large yellow; red cheek; good all-around peach</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elberta</td>
<td>Large; yellow; sweet and juicy. Good shipper.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lemon Cling</td>
<td>Large yellow; good canning sort, Cling.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rochester</td>
<td>Large, yellow and red peach; flesh yellow; very hardy. Likely to be a leading market sort.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Late Crawford</td>
<td>Large; yellow; red cheek; good for canning and drying</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PLUMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Variety</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bradshaw</td>
<td>Large</td>
<td>Dark purple; rich and juicy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue Damson</td>
<td>Small, round; dark purple</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green Gage</td>
<td>Medium size; greenish yellow; Good canning plum</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Egg</td>
<td>Large, yellow, sweet and juicy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peach Plum</td>
<td>Large; yellow with reddish cheek; Early.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abundance</td>
<td>Japanese; medium bright red; juicy and productive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burbank</td>
<td>Japanese; medium to large; red; fine table plum</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PRUNES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 to 6 feet</td>
<td>50c</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 to 8 feet</td>
<td>60c</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>$35.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Italian—Dark purple; oval, tapering at both ends; flesh, greenish yellow; drying and shipping variety.
Tragedy—Early: dark purple; very rich and good.
Petite—(French), Medium size; egg shaped; amber color; rich with sugar; very productive; a great drying prune.
Silver—Large; yellow; sweet; good dryer.
Hungarian—(Pond’s seedling plum). Large.

APRICOTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 to 6 feet</td>
<td>75c</td>
<td>$6.50</td>
<td>$50.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Blenheim—Large; deep orange; rich and juicy; good variety for shipping, drying and canning.
Royal—Large; yellow; orange; red cheek.
Tilton—Medium to large; rich flavor; productive; good canning and shipping.

NECTARINES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75c</td>
<td>$6.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Boston—Large, deep yellow with heavy red blush; flesh yellow and sweet.

QUINCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$6.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Champion—Large; good flavor; cooks tender.
Orange—Large; golden yellow; good for preserving or flavoring; early.

NUT TREES

Almonds

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75c</td>
<td>$6.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I. X. L.—Large, single kernal: soft shell.
Nonpareil—Large full kernal: thin shell.

Filberts—(Hazelnut)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>75c</td>
<td>$6.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Barcelona—Fine, large nut from Spain; round; heavy bearer.
Du Chilly—Very large; nut rather long. Du Chilly is good pollinizer for Barcelona; plant the two together.

Walnut

American Black—Beautiful shade tree; bears heavy crop of nuts that can be used to advantage in the kitchen in cakes and cookies.

GRAPES

(One year, No. 1, or two years, No. 2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred. Thous’nd.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concord</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell’s Early</td>
<td>$0.30</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other varieties</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
<td>1.80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
American Varieties

Agawam—Red, large; fine flavor; vigorous growth.
Campbell's Early—Black, hardy; sweet and juicy.
Concord—Black; most planted variety; bunches compact; productive.
Moore's Early—Black; large berries; valuable as an early grape.
Niagara—White; sweet; bunches and berries large.
Worden—Black; bunches compact; berries large; ten days earlier than Concord.

Foreign Varieties
(Should be protected in winter.)
Flame Tokay—Red; large berries; oval shaped; bunches large.
Muscat—White; variety planted extensively for raisins; good for wine and table use.
Thompson's Seedless—Greenish yellow; firm; seedless; productive; fine for shipping and raisins.
Black Hamburg—Black; large, round; sweet and juicy; heavy bearer.

GOOSEBERRIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oregon Champion, Houghton,</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CURRENTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Perfection, Fay's Prolific,</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RASPBERRIES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cumberland Black—</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plum Farmer—Black</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Regis—Red, everbearing</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BLACKBERRIES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mesereau, Rathbun,</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DEWBERRIES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lucretia, very large standard sort.</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

LOGANBERRIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transplanted 2-year plants</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

STRAWBERRIES.

Our Strawberry Plants are large and well grown, with heavy root system, and are dug and shipped as ordered.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Doz.</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
<th>Thousand</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Progressive (everbearing)</td>
<td>will bear six to eight weeks after planting</td>
<td>$ .40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ASPARAGUS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Palmetto, Conover's Colossal,</td>
<td>2 years old</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RHUBARB.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Victorie—strong root di-</td>
<td>divisions</td>
<td>$ .15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

OUR shade and ornamental trees are first class well shaped young and vigorous nursery grown trees, with good roots and tops. The 7 to 8 foot and 8 to 10 foot trees are quite heavy and of good value.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shade and Ornamental Trees</th>
<th>Each 10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ash, American White—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ash, European Mountain—7 to 8 ft.</td>
<td>$1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catalpi, Bungei (Umbrella type)—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elm, American—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elm, American—8 to 10 feet</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elm, Cork Barked—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawthorne, Paul Scarlet—4 to 5 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horse Chestnut, white flowering—4 to 5 feet</td>
<td>$1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky Coffee Tree, The leaves resemble those of Walnut, only much larger, 5 to 6 feet</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linden, American (large leaves)—5 to 6 feet</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linden, European—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locust, black or common—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locust, black or common—8 to 10 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maple, Norway—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maple, Norway—8 to 10 feet</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maple, hard or sugar—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maple, soft or Silver—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maple, soft or Silver—8 to 10 feet</td>
<td>$1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mulberry, Russian—4 to 5 feet</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poplar, Carolina—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poplar, Carolina—8 to 10 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pea Tree, (Caragana Arborescens)—4 to 5 feet</td>
<td>$0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sycamore, American—7 to 8 feet</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sycamore, American—8 to 10 feet</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walnut, (See Nut Trees)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Shrubs are very beautiful about the home grounds and dooryards. They can be planted for border lines, hedges, screens to hide unsightly objects, or in fence corners, along house foundations, and as single yard specimens.

A yard without shrubbery is like a house without furnishings. Plant in the Spring or Fall about 4 to 6 feet apart.

DWARF SHRUBS

Grow 2 to 3 feet in height

Barberry—Japanese (Dwarf) low growing with clusters of small white flowers in May; Red berries in Autumn. Each 50c; 10 $4.00.

Spirea-Anthony Waterer—(Dwarf) Large flat clusters of rosy red flowers. Blooming at short intervals all summer. A beautiful shrub for borders or property lines. Each 50c; 10, $4.00
Common Snowball

MEDIUM SIZED SHRUBS

Grow 4 to 6 feet in height

Barberry—Purple-leaved foliage. Red Berries in Fall. Each 50c.

Calycanthus—(Sweet Scented Shrub) Grows a very fragrant dark crimson flowers. Each 75c.

Deutzia—Crenata, Pride of Rochester. Double white flowers shaded blush, in May and June. Each 50c.

Deutzia—Crenata Rosea, Pink flowers. Each 50c.

Evonymus Europaeus—bearing rose-colored capsules with red seeds in autumn. Each 75c.

Hydrangea—(Paniculata Grandiflora) Large flowers of a rich, creamy white, changing to a nearly pink. Blooms in August and lasts till frost. Price 75c.

Hydrangea Arborescens, Hills of Snow—Large pure white flowers. By cutting back to the crown each Spring the bushes may be kept round and dense. Flowers July to September. Each 75c.


Quince (Flowering Japan) Branches covered with brilliant scarlet flowers in spring before the leaves come. Each 50c.

Spirea Dougla—Reddish brown branches, with small narrow leaves. Bears spikes of beautiful deep rose colored flowers in July. Each 50c.

Spirea Van Houttii (Bridle Wreath) The long branches of snow white flowers in May, and beautiful foliage in Autumn make this one of the grandest of shrubs. 50c Each: 10, $4.00.

Spirea Thunbergii—Dense feathery foliage of yellowish-green changing to a bright red and orange in Autumn. Each 60c.

Snowberry—Pink flowers in July, followed by large white berries, which last far into winter. Sprays of Snowberry, with berries in a vase of water makes a choice table decoration in winter when flowers are scarce. Each 50c.
Snowberry, Red—Same as White Snowberry except that the bush is more dense and bears more fruit. The little red berries adhere to the long slender sprays all winter. A beautiful sight. Each 50c, 10, $4

Summer Lilac—Butterfly Shrub, Blooms freely first season it is planted. Flowers attractive deep violet-rose color and very fragrant. A new shrub in big demand everywhere, even for the butterflies. 75c

Weigelia Rosea—In spring the entire branches are covered with pink trumpet-shaped flowers. Each 75c,

TALL SHRUBS

Grow 6 to 8 Feet in Heighth

Dogwood—Siberian, Red Osier, white flowers, Bright red branches, Showy in winter. Each 60c.

Forsythia—Fortunei (Golden Bell) Bright yellow flowers on greenish-yellow branche in early Spring. 50c

High-Bush Cranberry—White flowers, makes brilliant scarlet fruits that remain on the branches all winter. Grows 6 to 8 feet. Each 75c.

Honeysuckle—Morrow’s or Japanese Bush Honeysuckle of dense spreading growth, blooms early in spring with white flowers followed by pretty berries. Large bushes 75c.

Golden Elder—A splendid background shrub. Golden yellow leaves throughout the summer, 75c.

Lilac—President Grevey, light blue flowers in immense clusters, gorgeous, Price $1.00.

Lilac—Marie Le Gray, Large panicles of white flowers. Price $1.00.

Mock Orange—(Syringa) Large white flowers in June very fragrant, Each 50c.

Snowball, Common—Large white flowers in June. 75c

Sumac—Smooth, beautiful red foliage in autumn that makes this tree shrub valuable for background planting. Each 50c.

Sumac—Staghorn, cut-leaved, The thick fussy branches resembles the antlers of deer. Red foliage in autumn Each 75c.

SPECIAL OFFER NO. 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shrub</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spirea Van Houttie</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morrow’s Bush Honeysuckle</td>
<td>0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forsythia, Fortunii</td>
<td>0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mock Orange</td>
<td>0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High-Bush Cranberry</td>
<td>0.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total value $3.00

ALL FIVE SHRUBS FOR $2.25
CHOICE FIELD-GROWN ROSES

Every home should have an abundance of roses, for there is no hardy plant that produces such grand loveliness and rewards the grower more generously than does the rose.

Roses will do well in most any good garden soil. They can be planted just as soon as the frost is out of the ground in the spring; the earlier the better. Dig holes large enough to admit the roots without crowding. Set the bush two or three inches deeper than it stood in the nursery row. Cover the roots with good surface soil, water well to wash and firm the soil about the roots, then finish filling in around the plant. Prune the stocks back to about 8 or 10 inches from the ground, and mound up soil around the stubs leaving 1 to 2 inches of the stock sticking out. By banking the plants in this manner you prevent the top wood from being exposed to hot sun, drying winds and chilly or frosty nights. After several weeks the bush will have become established and the little dirt mounds may be raked away. Straw, hay or leaves can be used in place of the dirt mounds. When the rose has become attached to its new home fertilizers may then be applied by digging it in close to the plants.

Heavy Field-Grown Roses
(Postage Paid.)

(H. P. stands for Hybred Perpetual; H. T. for Hybred Tea; T for Tea Roses.)

American Beauty—(H.P.) Large deep pink of exquisite form and fragrance, 50c each.

Baby Orleans—(Polyantha) Dwarf Baby Rambler; rose-pink; a mass of blooms all summer, 50c each.
Commonwealth—(H.T.) Deep pink, long-pointed buds; large double flowers on medium strong stems, 75c each.

Crusader—(H.T.) Dark velvety crimson; blooms are large and double. 90c each.

Columbia—(H.T.) Peach-blow pink deepening in color as it opens; flower large on long, stiff stems. 65c each.

Catherine Zeimet—(Polyantha) Dwarf; small white flowers in abundance all season: attractive, 50c each.

Daily Mail Rose—See Mad. Edouard Herriott.

Duchess of Wellington—(H.T.) Long pointed buds; intense saffron yellow blooms, flushed crimson. 50c each.

Etoile de France—(H.T.) Dark red: beautiful buds. 50c each.

Frau Karl Druschki—(H.P.) Pure white. 50c each.

General Superior A. Janssen—(H.T.) Pink. 50c each.

General Jacqueminot—(H.P.) Brilliant crimson, 50c each.

Grus an Teplitz—(H.T.) Dark red; blooms in clusters, 50c each.

Gladys Holland—(H.T.) Magnificent form and size; color, buff, shaded orange-yellow; outside of petals pearly peach, 75c each.

Hadley (H.T.) Deep velvety crimson; well-formed buds. 50c each.

His Majesty—(H.P.) The crimson Frau Karl Druschki. 50c each.

Hoosier Beauty—(H.T.) Deep crimson with darker shadings, 65c each.

Jonkeer J. L. Mock—(H.T.) Shell pink; large double buds. 50c each.

Jubilee—(H.P.) A pure crimson with shadings of maroon; strong and vigorous. 60c each.

Kaiserine A. Victoria—(H.T.) White; beautiful buds, 50c each.

Lady Hillington—(T). Pointed buds of brilliant deep golden yellow. 65c each.

Los Angels—(H.T.) Growth vigorous, and produces a continuous succession of long-stemmed flowers of flame-pink, toned with coral and shaded with gold at base of petals. Long pointed buds. 65c each.

Mme. Butterfly—(H.T.) Bright pink, suffused apricot and gold. 50c each.

Mme. Edouard Herriot—(Perpetiana) Coral red, shaded with yellow and bright, rosy scarlet. Won the London Daily Mail gold cup in 1912. 75c each.

Mme. Caroline Testout—(H.T.) Satiny pink; very popular. 50c each.

Mrs. Aaron Ward—(H.T.) Center Indian yellow with edgewy primrose; medium-sized flowers. 65c each.

Mabel Drew—(H.T.) Beautiful buds of a deep cream on first opening, passing to intense canary yellow. 50c each.

Ophelia (H.T.) Salmon flesh color; buds on long stems. 50c each.

Sunburst—(H.T.) Brilliant orange-copper color;
CLIMBING ROSES

Baby Rambler—(Cl. Polyantha). A very strong, heavy grower with same style foliage and color of the well-known bush Baby Rambler, 50c each.

Mme. Alfred Carriere — (Noisette) Pure white, slightly tinted yellow at base; very fragrant and free blooming. 60c each.

Cl. Mme. Caroline Testout— (Cl. H.T.) Another strong grower with foliage and flowers same as bush, from it is a sport. 60c each.

Wm. A. Richardson—(Noisette) Copper, yellow, flushed carmine; one of the very popular yellow climbing roses. 75c each.

HARDY CLIMBING ORNAMENTAL VINES

Each, Doz.
Virginia Creeper—2-year 50c $5.00
Boston Ivy—Glossy leaves; clings firmly to smooth walls 50c 5.00
Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle—2-year 50c 5.00
Clematis Paniculata—Pure white flowers vigorous grower; hardy 50c
Wisteria—Chinese blue, 3-year 75c 7.50

HEDGE PLANTS

Barberry Japanese—12 to 18 inches $10.00
California Privet—12 to 18 inches 8.00

MISCELLANEOUS PLANTS

Daisies—Burbank Shasta; white 25c each; per dozen, $2.50.

Yucca Filamentosa—Waxie bell-shaped flowers on laterals forming a perfect pyramid three feet high; large plants, 75c each.

Pampas Grass—Ornamental grass, easily grown; with printed leaves and silvery white plumes; grows 6 to 8 feet high. Strong clumps, 75c each.

PEONIES

Each Doz.
Strong roots 50c $5.00
Floral Treasure—Very clear, even pink, dainty.
Festiva Maxima—Immense double pure white flowers.
Felix Crousse—Beautiful Dark red flowers.
Officinalis Rosea—Large, double pink flowers.

HOLLYHOCKS

Grandma’s garden was never complete unless it had those stately hollyhocks in the fence corner or by the gate. Double red, maroon, and yellow. Each 15c per dozen $1.50.

HARDY PERENNIAL PHLOX

Each Doz.
Field grown plants 15c $1.50
Miss Lingard—Pearly white flowers; faint pink eye.
Eclaereur—Clear, rosy magenta with lighter halo.
Rynstrom—Silvery pink; excellent.
Von Hochburg—Excellent large trusses; very dark crimson.
Mrs. Jenkins—The best tall early white.
Beautiful, Free Flowering, Easily Grown Annuals

Flowers are enjoyed by everyone, are easily grown, and any home may have an abundance of blossoms, during the entire summer.

Clear and complete instructions for sowing are printed on each packet. Flower seeds postpaid.

Asters—(Crego Giant.) With their long twisted in-and-out curved petals they resemble the choicest of Japanese Chrysanthemums, measuring 4 to 5 inches in diameter and are borne on long stems; very suitable for cut flowers. White, pink, crimson and purple. Packet, 10c.

Heart of France—Plants about 2 ft high; branching habit; flowers medium size; rich, dark red pkt, 10c.

Alyssum—Grows 4 to 5 in. high, producing little, white, sweet-scented flowers; fine for bordering flower beds. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c.

Antirrhinum—(Snap Dragon). An old-fashioned flower; fine for cutting: flowers are borne on long stems well above foliage; different colors planted together are very decorative. Finest mixed, Pkt. 10c

Balsam—(Lady Slipper,) Beautiful bush-like growth of pyramidal form, every branch being clothed with the brilliant double flowers. Its culture is very easy. Double camella flowered. Mixed Pkt, 10c; oz. 25c.

Beans, Scarlet Runner—A fast growing vine for quick shade, producing bright scarlet flowers. Pkt. 10c; 1-4 lb. 20c.

Bachelor’s Button—(Corn Flower). These are one of the most attractive of all hardy annuals, with its graceful beauty of its old-fashioned flowers. Double mixed color. Pkt. 10c.

Castor Bean—(Ricinus) A tall plant with tropical foliage from 5 to 6 feet; has large bronze or glossy leaves. Should not be sown until after all danger of frost is past. Pkt, 10c.

Candytuft—One of the best annuals for beds or masses. Very nice for cut flowers. Successive sowings should be made at intervals of three weeks when
danger of frost is over. This will give continuous blooming of Candytuft until frost. About 1 ft high. Umbellata. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

**Cosmos**—Very well known and valuable; blooming in the fall when other subjects are passing their best; grow 4 to 5 ft. producing daisy-like flowers. Foliage very pretty, rivaling fern for decorative purposes. White, pink, crimson and mixed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

**Calandula**—Hardy annual about 1 ft. high, producing a wonderful profusion of flowers ranging in color from ivory to orange. Blooms until late fall. Double mixed. Pkt. 10c.

**Calliopsis**—Very showy, producing flowers in near-every shade of yellow, orange, crimson, red and brown. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

**Gaillardia**—(Blanket Flower). Greatly admired for rich blending of colors. Thrives well almost anywhere. Large single flowers of red, scarlet, yellow and orange. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.

**Kochia**—(Summer cypress). An easily grown annual about 3 ft. high. Fine for hedges. During summer the round-shaped plants are a beautiful green. In autumn the fine foliage turns to a bright red color, earning the name Firebush. Pkt. 10c.

**Larkspur**—Very popular and beautiful; sometimes known as Delphinium. They flower freely and gracefully, with compact flower heads which come in charming combinations of colors. One to two ft.

Dwarf Rocket, mixed pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.

Tall Rocket, mixed pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.

**Marigold**—An old favorite; easy to grow. Has double flowers. Predominating color is yellow, marked with brown and orange. Fern-like foliage.

**African Tall**, double mixed pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.

**French Dwarf**, double mixed, pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.

**Mourning Bride**—(Scabiosa) The great abundance and succession of richly colored fragrant blooms on long stems makes it splendid for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

**Mignonette**—Produces fine large spikes of blossoms during the cool months of late spring and fall, although it will bloom all summer. But a second sowing really should be made in July or August to insure best of blooms for fall months. Sow where plants are to remain. Height about 12 in. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

**Four O’Clock**—(Marvel of Peru). Flowers are produced in clusters; open in afternoon and wither next morning; gorgeous diversity of colors furnish great deal of cheer at little expense: 2 ft. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c.

**Nasturtium**—Nasturtiums are hardy and easy to grow and everyone should plant them; appropriate for window or porch boxes, growing and blooming in greatest profusion even in poorest garden soil. Colors are very striking and the plants bloom from early summer until frost.

Dwarf mixed, Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 50c.

Tall mixed, Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 50c.

**Pinks**—(Dianthus). Chinensis double mixed colors. These are very desirable little flowers. They flower early and are excellent for cutting. Don’t leave out the pinks, Pkt. 10c; 1-4 oz. 50c.

**Petunia**—Are very easily grown and free flowering. Will succeed almost anywhere and bloom from June
until frost. Fine for porch and window boxes. Fine mixed colors. Pkt. 10c; 1-8 oz. 50c.

Pansies—(Trimardeau). Mixed colors; very large well-formed flowers; very rich in color; seeds sown in spring will produce fine plants to bloom in summer. Should be planted in cool, moist place. Pkt. 10c; 1-4 oz. $1.00.

Salpiglossis—(Painted Tongue). Large, showy funnel-shaped flowers with exquisite markings and lovely colors. Sow early in the house or hot bed. Pkt. 10c.

Stocks—These flowers are easily grown and are very popular. With their fragrance and beauty they deserve a place in every garden. Should be sown under glass in warm place. When the plants are large enough transplant. Large flowering 10 weeks Stocks, Pkt. 10c.

SWEET PEAS
New and standard varieties. Late Spencers.

Countess Spencer—Clear, soft, rich pink; a little deeper pink around the edges. Unsurpassed for cutting and massing. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

King White—the best pure white. Stems are long, bearing almost uniformly four's; petals are immense and of the finest type. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

King Edward—The best pure red Spencer. Large and open form with immense wings, deeply frilled, Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

Flora Norton—One of the best light blue Spencers. Flowers are large. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

Fiery Cross—Bright red or orange scarlet, the color glittering in the bright sunlight. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

Floradale Purple—Probably the best deep purple. The flowers are large and showy, with petals of finest type. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

Spencer Mixed—All varieties. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 75c; 1 lb. $2.50.

Verbenia—A very popular old flower. They are low-growing or rather creeping plants, blooming very abundantly. Admirable for beds, hanging baskets, or window boxes. Their colors are very brilliant. 8 to 12 inches. Mammoth Finest Mixed Pkt. 10c; 1-4 oz. 25c

Zinnia—No doubt one of the most beautiful garden flowers we have, and they stand in a class by themselves. They form compact bushes that are covered with large flowers all summer and fall. Very easily grown. 2 ft. Pkt. 10c.

VEGETABLE PLANTS
(Postage Paid.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Doz.</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cabbage—Early Wakefield</td>
<td>.20</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large Drumhead</td>
<td>.20</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomatoes—Spark's Earlina</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Stone</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pepper—Ruby King, (large)</td>
<td>.30</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stufiing peppers</td>
<td>.30</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Egg Plant—Black Beauty</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Celery—Golden Plume</td>
<td>.25</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet Potatoes—(Not transplanted) Early Jersey</td>
<td>.30</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Giant Pansies—These have beautiful shades and color combinations. The flowers are large and the plants are deep rooted and withstand drought exceptionally well. They should be planted in a shady place. Delivery about May 1. Doz. 50c; 100, $3.50.

Aster Plants—(Crego Giant) Largest and most beautiful of all the Comet Asters. The flowers are of immense size, grown on long stems. Fine for cut flowers. Delivery about May 1. Doz. 40c; 100, $2.50.

Here is what a few of our customers say. These letters are in our files.

Pomeroy, Wash.,
April 9, 1923

My Dear Mr. Nickerson:
I am enclosing order for Fillberts if you think it is not too late to send them.

I might state that I have a nice home, and I am getting it well fixed with the nursery stock I am getting of you, which is entirely satisfactory in every way.

With best wishes,

White Salmon, Wash.
March 28, 1923

Prosser Nurseries,
P. E. Nickerson, Nurseryman,
Prosser, Wash.

Dear Sir: Enclosed find money order for which I would like to have the following packets of seed.
(Order)
The plants I got of you last year are doing nicely.

Mrs.

Corvallis Mont.
April 29, 1922

Mr. P. E. Nickerson
Dear Sir:
Trees arrived today in good shape also the check was sure glad to get the trees as I thought you had overlooked me.

Yours Respt.

Poulson, Mont.
March 9th, 1923

Prosser Nurseries,
P. E. Nickerson, Proprietor

Dear Sir:
The trees I received from you last season all done fine except two Bartlett pears.

I am sending you order today for Cherry trees, I am handing one of your catalogs to a Mr. __________ that is in the market for trees. He saw what I got last spring and they looked good to him. Please do not ship this order any earlier than you have to, as we are late over here.

Yours truly,
CANNA LILIES FOR YOUR HOME FLOWER BED

Try Some This Spring—They Are Very Showy.

Cannas grow from 3 to 5 feet in height with massive leaves and produce heads of lily shaped flowers of various colors from July until frost. They give a tropical effect with their broad, green leaves. Some varieties have purple or bronze foliage.

Beds of one color are most effective.

Prices of Cannas, dormant roots. Postpaid: each, 15c; 6 for 76c; 12 for $1.50.

City of Portland—3 1-2 ft. Glowing pink, fine for bedding; keeps throwing up new heads or bloom; a mass of flowers till frost; green foliage.

California—Orange yellow; green foliage.

King Humbert—Large red spotted with yellow; bronze foliage.

La Fayette—4 ft. Flowers scarlet; green foliage.

Louisiana—4 ft. Flowers scarlet; green foliage.

President—4 ft. The finest red canna known; rich glowing scarlet; flowers immense and firm; green foliage. With green lawn they make splendid showing.

Wyoming—7 ft. Very large orange-colored blossoms. Foliage of a rich purplish bronze.

Venus—3 feet. Pink flowers splashed with white and gold. Green foliage.

SPECIAL OFFER NO. 1

1 Winter Banana Apple Tree, 4-6 ft. .......... $ .50
1 Delicious Apple Tree, 4-6 ft. ................ .50
1 Bartlett Pear, 4-6 ft. ........................ .50
1 Royal Apricot, 4-6 ft. ........................ .75
1 Italian Prune Tree, 6-8 ft. ................. .60

Total value ...................................... $ 2.85

ALL FIVE THE ABOVE TREES $2.25

(Packed for shipment and delivered to your Express office)

SPECIAL OFFER NO. 2

2 Beautiful Peonias
1 Floral Treasure, Pink .......................... $ .50
1 Felix Crousse, red ............................. .50
3 Hardy Phlox
1 Mrs. Jenkins, white ............................ .15
1 Eclacreur, red ................................. .15
1 Von Hochburg, dark red ..................... .15
2 Double Hollyhock
1 Light Red ..................................... .15
1 Yellow ......................................... .15

Total value ...................................... $1.75

ALL THE ABOVE PLANTS FOR $1.25

(Postpaid)